

**2014 IHBB Asian Championships
BEE FINALS**

1. Several early proposal for this planned on extending to Beijing and later on even Singapore. Although it received its name in 1940 when it was just a theoretical project, construction on it did not start until 1959. This network has carried around 10 billion people, and its most notable line opened in 1964 between Tokyo and Shin-Osaka. The maximum operating speed on this is two hundred miles per hour while a test run was able to hit three hundred and sixty one miles per hour. For the point, name this network of high-speed railway in Japan sometimes referred to as bullet trains.

Answer: Shinkansen (accept bullet train before mention)

2. This man's apprenticeship to the banker Nicholas Kruger on St. Croix inspired his ideas for organizing the Revenue Cutter Service. This man advocated organizing a national bank and taking on debt in his *Report on Manufactures*. Oliver Wolcott replaced him as Secretary of the Treasury, a job he held for the first six years of the Washington administration. For the point, name this loser of a duel with Aaron Burr who now appears on the US ten-dollar bill.

ANSWER: Alexander Hamilton

3. In this city, the teenaged Weepers conducted the "bonfire of the vanities" during a religious republic organized by Girolamo Savonarola; its native son Sandro Botticelli burned his paintings here. This city is where the Pazzi (**pr. POT-see**) Conspiracy struck against a family who patronized Fra Angelico, Donatello, and Michelangelo. For the point, name this Italian city governed by Cosimo and Lorenzo the Magnificent of the Medici family.

ANSWER: Florence

4. Future Vice-President Levi P. Morton drove the first rivet into this monument. The first ticker-tape parade was given for the completion of this monument. This monument stands on top of a broken chain, and it was designed by Frédéric Auguste Bartholdi. A plaque at the base of this statue contains the poem "The New Colossus" by Emma Lazarus. For the point, name this torch-holding gift from France in New York harbor.

ANSWER: the Statue of Liberty [or Liberty Enlightening the World]

5. This Chancellor of the Exchequer under Ramsay Macdonald shared his last name with the racist theorist Houston. His own brother, Austen, negotiated the Treaty of Locarno. This man and France's Edouard Daladier pressured Eduard Benes to sign the Munich Agreement; that gave the Sudetenland to Hitler, after which this man announced "peace in our time." For the point, name this British Prime Minister at the start of World War II, prior to Winston Churchill.

ANSWER: Arthur Neville Chamberlain

6. This composer included "The Field Marshal" in his cycle *Songs and Dances of Death*. Many of his compositions are performed in versions orchestrated by Nikolai Rimsky-Korsakov, such as his opera about a pre-Romanov tsar, and his tone poem depicting a witches' sabbath. For the point, name this Russian composer from the "Mighty Five," who wrote *Pictures at an Exhibition*, the opera *Boris Godunov*, and *Night on Bald Mountain*.

ANSWER: Modest Mussorgsky

7. This man ordered the creation of the Henderson Brooks report to investigate his nation's failures in one conflict, and this man released Sheikh Abdullah following Abdullah's capture. Along with another nation, this man signed the Five Principles of Peaceful Coexistence. In this man's nation, his birthday is celebrated as Children's Day, and he delivered the "Tryst With Destiny" speech to celebrate his nation's impending independence. For the point, name this first Prime Minister of India.

ANSWER: Jawaharlal **Nehru**

8. In one work by this author, he asks "Which was real – the butterfly or the man" in a poem illustrating a famous Daoist character. In another poem, this man advises a "Western Voyager" to "avoid the wild tigers in the morning". This author reflected upon his hometown in a poem beginning "before my bed, there is bright-lit moonlight", and he derides Shandong wine in a poem addressed to his contemporary. For the point, name this Tang Dynasty poet of "Quiet Night Thought" and "Sent to Du Fu below Shaqiu City".

ANSWER: **Li Po** (accept **Li Bai**)

9. A popular type of this technology uses a component invented by Willard Boyle and George Smith called a charge-coupled device. A system of mirrors and prisms improves the accuracy of the SLR type of this device. The "Brownie" version of this device made George Eastman's fortune. Early versions of this device created daguerreotypes, which could require exposures of up to twenty minutes. For the point, name this device used to record images digitally or on film.

ANSWER: **camera**

10. This event's leaders included a man who used the slogan "Valid Suffrage, No Re-election" and targeted the "cientificos." During this conflict, the Ten Tragic Days signaled American support for the overthrow of Francisco Madero. For the point, name this conflict that began with the overthrow of Porfirio Díaz, the dictatorial longtime president of a North American country.

ANSWER: the **Mexican Revolution**

11. A king with this name wrote the pro-absolutist text *The True Law of Free Monarchies*. Robert Catesby planned to assassinate a king with this name. A later king with this name lost the Battle of the Boyne and was replaced by William and Mary in the Glorious Revolution. The Gunpowder Plot targeted a king with this name. For the point, give this name of two Stuart kings of England, the first of whom ordered the standard translation of the Bible.

ANSWER: **James**

12. Herbert Kahn was criticized for writing reports on life after these items. These items were subject to "de-MIRVing" following START II. Efforts to regulate these items in SALT II failed; the ABM was the most effective treaty regulating these items. The use of these items was the subject of the "Mutual Assured Destruction" theory. For the point, name these items regulated by many U.S.-Soviet treaties, including the Comprehensive Test Ban Treaty.

ANSWER: **nuclear weapons** [or **nuclear bombs**; or **atomic bombs**; or **hydrogen bombs**; or **nukes**; or **ICBMs**; or intercontinental ballistic **missiles**; prompt on **bombs**; prompt on **weapons**]

13. This US state was where pioneering woman mayor Bertha Knight Landes was elected, and its first Major League baseball team lasted only a year in 1969. This state supplied plutonium for atomic bombs from its Hanford Works plant. This state was where the "Galloping Gertie" bridge collapsed, and it was the location of the Mt. St. Helens eruption. For the point, name this home state of Starbucks, Boeing, Amazon, and Microsoft, all of which have headquarters near Seattle.

ANSWER: **Washington**

14. This city was the capital of the Sultanate of Rum (ROOM), and it was the first major city recaptured by the First Crusade. A remnant empire from this city eventually re-established Byzantine rule in Constantinople. In 787, an ecumenical council here discussed iconoclasm. For the point, name this Turkish city in which a 325 council developed a Christian creed.

ANSWER: **Nicaea** [or **Iznik**]

15. In this novel, Jamila becomes a famous singer after her family moves following a military loss to China. This novel was named the greatest of the last quarter of the twentieth century by the Booker Prize committee. The protagonist of this novel moves in with "Parvati the witch" and was born at the moment of India's independence. For the point, name this novel by Salman Rushdie that follows a title group including Shiva and Saleem Sinai.

ANSWER: **Midnight's Children**

16. A secret Warsaw Pact war plan allocated seven days to reach this river. During the final months of World War II, a bridge over this river was captured intact at Remagen. This river's northern portion and Westphalia name a modern state with a capital at Dusseldorf. In 1936, a remilitarization of the land named for this river violated the Treaty of Versailles. For the point, name this river, over which American troops crossed near Remagen in the final stages of World War 2.

ANSWER: **Rhine** River

17. This Greek deity served King Admetus as a slave for killing three Cyclopes. He and his sister killed the fourteen children of Niobe after Niobe boasted of being a better mother than this god's mother Leto. This god, who was worshipped at the Pythian Games and the Delphic Oracle, flayed Marsyas and cursed Cassandra to never be believed. For the point, name this deity of light, prophecy, and music who was the twin brother of Artemis.

ANSWER: **Apollo**

18. The Lessons Learnt and Reconciliation Commission was created to investigate the failures of a ceasefire during one conflict in this nation. Four Four Bravo patrol was murdered in this nation, and their deaths resulted in the Black July pogrom that took place during one civil war in this nation. Velupillai Prabhakaran created one movement in this nation that aimed to create an independent state for the Tamil people on this island. For the point, name this island nation separated from India by the Palk Strait.

ANSWER: **Sri Lanka**

19. This title is currently used by only two heads of state, one of whom rules Oman. The band Dire Straits wrote a hit song about people said to be this title of "swing". Baseball player Babe Ruth was nicknamed this title "of swat." One person who has this title on the island of Borneo is one of the world's richest men. For the point, identify this title of a Muslim ruler, used for the head of state of Brunei.

ANSWER: **Sultan**

20. In 443 BC, the responsibility to oversee this was taken from the consuls and given to a different office holder, who was also charged with overseeing public morality. The US Constitution calls for this process, examples of which were also conducted in 1881 and 1891 in the UK. Records from the Irish ones of these before 1900 were lost in an explosion in the Irish archives during the Irish Civil War. For the point, name this procedure of Roman origin, by which information about members and numbers of a given population is systematically acquired and recorded.

ANSWER: **Census**

21. The name he is now known by was adopted due to the difficulty the Central Asian Turkish-Mongols had pronouncing it. This man lost his father's lands at Fergana after the battle of Sar-e-Pol, and defeated the Rana Sanga and the Rajput army at the Battle of Khanua. This man created Ram Bagh Garden along the Yamuna river and this descendant of Timur the Lame defeated the forces of Ibrahim Lodi in the First Battle of Panipat. For the point, name this grandfather of Akbar the Great, the founder of the Mughal Empire.

Answer: **Babur**

22. Despite being a free democracy, this country had the same prime minister from 1949 to 1969, Tage Erlander, was in power from 1946 to 1969. This was the home country of a diplomat who was killed by the Soviets for unknown reasons after using this country's passports to save Hungarian Jews from the Holocaust, named Raoul Wallenberg. For the point, name this Scandinavian country, home to U.N. Secretary-General Dag Hammarskjöld.

ANSWER: Kingdom of **Sweden**

23. A king by this name urged Parliament to pass the "Pains and Penalties Bill" to spite his estranged wife Caroline. Another king of this name fought in the War of the Austrian Succession at Dettingen, the last English king to go into battle. The first king of this name spoke no English whatsoever when he became the first king of Great Britain under Act of Settlement rules. For the point, give this common name of four Hanoverian kings who ruled from 1714 to 1830.

ANSWER: **George** [or **George IV**; or **George II**; or **George I**]

24. During this battle, a winning commander sat down on Mount Aigale. The island of Psyttalia (**pr. piz-TAH-lee-uh**) was raided in this battle. Sicinnus pretended to be a double agent during this battle, setting a trap for an ally of Artemesia of Halicarnassus. Themistocles (**pr. thuh-MIST-uh-kleez**) led a fleet during this naval engagement that occurred after the defeat at Thermopylae. For the point, name this naval battle that the Greeks won against Xerxes (**pr. ZERK-seez**) I during the Persian Wars.

ANSWER: Battle of **Salamis**

25. This man became Emperor at the age of sixty-five, after a lifetime of imperial service under Nero and the rulers of the Flavian dynasty. Unfortunately, he died a little over a year later. His greatest accomplishment, successfully transferring power to Trajan, occurred after his death. For the point, name this first of the five so called good emperors of Ancient Rome.

ANSWER: **Nerva**

END OF FIRST STAGE – IF TIED, Go to Tiebreaks in back!!!

Second Stage

1. During a period of two hundred years of peace during this dynasty, a social reform movement known as Silhak was started and which aimed to rebuild this dynasty after two invasions. Sometimes called the hermit kingdom, this dynasty had its capital at Hanseong where the yangban resided, and the decline of this dynasty originated with the assassination of Queen Min. During this dynasty, Hangul was introduced and turtle ships were used to repel a 1588 invasion launched by the Japanese. This dynasty which ruled for over five hundred years was, for the point, what successor to the Koryo dynasty in Korea.

Answer: **Choson**

2. A man given this job had to be literate, above 30 years of age, and needed references as well as prior military experience. One man in this military rank is said to have cried out to God that Christ was innocent after Jesus died on the cross. Contrary to the Latin root of this title, most men in this position commanded 80 men, not 100. For the point, name this high-ranking officer of the Roman army, some of which oversaw cohorts of soldiers forming legions.

ANSWER: **Centurion**

3. This man established the 6-10 office to suppress a religious movement within his country. In one position, this man was derided as a “flowerpot” for essentially only serving as decoration within the post. This leader hired the former mayor of Shanghai Zhu Rongji to serve as his Premier and modernize the SOEs set up by his predecessor. For the point, name this President of China from 1993 to 2003 and succeeded Deng Xiaoping.

ANSWER: **Jiang Zemin**

4. This cause was advocated by allies of the Sea Beggars who opposed the Tenth Penny tax and the Council of Blood. Shortly before a war for this cause, Calvinists carried out the "iconoclastic fury" in the 1566 Beeldenstorm. The Duke of Alba failed to suppress this goal, which the Peace of Munster formally secured. For the point, identify this goal achieved when the Seventeen Provinces revolted against Spain in the Eighty Years' War, creating a new Low Country.

ANSWER: **Dutch independence** [or **independence** of the **Netherlands**; or **Holland** in place of "Netherlands"; or obvious equivalents for "independence," such as **freedom**]

5. William Shockley received a Medal of Honor for his actions during one counterattack here, and one attack on this island began with landings at Lingayen Gulf. This island was known as Nueva Castilla as a colony and its highest peak is Mount Pulag. The Hundred Islands National Park is found off of this island, and one city on this island contains the Rizal Monument to commemorate a national hero. For the point, name this Philippine island which contains the cities of Quezon City and Manila.

ANSWER: **Luzon** (accept the Philippines before “island”, do not accept after”

6. In 2014, excavators verified the long-standing urban legend that a site in this state contained thousands of unsold Apple LISAs and Atari video game products, which were buried here during a market crash in 1983. Conspiracy theorists believe that an alien encounter took place in this state in 1947 at Roswell. For the point, name this state whose town of White Sands was the testing ground for weapons developed at Los Alamos during the Manhattan Project.

ANSWER: **New Mexico**

7. This dynasty employed Minister Lin, who wrote the "letter to Queen Victoria" blasting British hypocrisy. This dynasty's Self-Strengthening Movement was advocated by the reformer Prince Gong and resisted by Empress Dowager Cixi (TSUH-shee). This dynasty signed the Unequal Treaties, lost both Opium Wars, and tacitly approved the Boxer Rebellion. For the point, name this last Chinese dynasty, which was overthrown by Republicans in 1911.

ANSWER: **Qing** Dynasty [or Great **Qing**; or Da **Qing**; or **Manchu** Dynasty]

8. In the original Sherlock Holmes stories, Dr. Watson was wounded while serving in a British campaign in this place, where Britain and Russia sparred for influence in the "Great Game." The U.S. boycotted the 1980 Olympics due to an invasion of this place, where the Soviet Union was bogged down for ten years fighting "mujihadeen." For the point, name this country which later came under the hold of the Taliban and was harboring Osama bin Laden in September 2001.

ANSWER: **Afghanistan**

9. This economist left his home country in 1966 to work for the United Nations Conference on Trade, although he later returned and became a professor at the school of economics in his country's capital. In 1991, he was appointed as to a position where he opened up his country's economy and made it more capitalistic. That position was as Minister of Finance under a man whose president at the time was R. Venkataraman, P.V. Narasimha Rao. Later in his career, Sonia Gandhi named this man as the United Progressive Alliance candidate for the Prime Ministership. For the point, name this man who ended his final term as Prime Minister of India in 2014 and was succeeded by Narendra Modi.

Answer: Manmohan **Singh**

10. This specific Roman military force served the Scipio family from the third century BC. Although a great deal of Roman emperors were assassinated, this group was the culprit of at least eight such assassinations. A reason for this may be the close proximity of this force to the Emperor, as was established by Augustus. For the point, name this elite force that did not always protect the Emperor as its name leads one to believe.

ANSWER: **Praetorian Guard**

Tiebreaks

1. This country became independent after the chant "death to the king" arose in the audience of the opera *The Mute Girl of Portici*, who poured out of the auditorium and started a revolution. This country took over Rwanda and Burundi from Germany, and its king ordered the "rubber atrocities" in the Congo Free State. The Battles of Quatre Bras and Waterloo took place in what is now this country. For the point, name this country with French and Dutch-speaking regions.

ANSWER: **Belgium**

2. This crop and iron were the two objects with a "historical-revolutionary role," according to Friedrich Engels. Robert Giffen identifies this crop as the archetypal example of a good whose demand rises with price. Robert Peel proposed repealing the Corn Laws to alleviate a crisis caused by the destruction of this crop by the organism *Phytophthora infestans*. For the point, name this crop, imported from South America, whose failure in Ireland caused an 1840s famine.

ANSWER: **potatoes**

This man's body was exhumed to be re-executed alongside Henry Ireton and John Bradshaw. He commanded the army which defeated the Engagers at Preston. His forces killed 3500 townspeople at the Siege of Drogheda (**pr. DROY-hay-duh**), part of his Irish campaign. This man instituted the Barebones Parliament and led the New Model Army during the English Civil War. For the point, name this "Lord Protector of England" during the Commonwealth period.

ANSWER: Oliver **Cromwell**

3. This man was denounced on the program *See It Now* by Edward R. Murrow. This man replaced Robert LaFollette, Jr. in the Senate, and he allegedly was holding up his laundry list when he gave a speech to the Republican Women's Club in Wheeling, West Virginia. He was yelled at by Joseph Welch for lacking a "sense of decency" in hearings that he coordinated with Roy Cohn. For the point, name this Wisconsin Senator who "hunted" Communists in the 1950s.

ANSWER: Joseph "Joe" **McCarthy**

4. After leaving this business, John Newton wrote the hymn "Amazing Grace." Liverpool originally became wealthy from this industry, which was denounced in the "Am I Not a Man and a Brother" medal and by William Wilberforce. For the point, name this human component of the Triangle Trade, which subjected people to the Middle Passage after abduction from Africa.

ANSWER: the **slave** trade [or **slavery**, etc.]

5. This state was where Carrie Nation used a hatchet to destroy saloons. The Wyandotte Constitution replaced the pro-slavery Lecompton Constitution in this state. In this state, the Pottawatomie Massacre was perpetrated by John Brown during an 1850s war, in which it was called "Bleeding." For the point, name this state, also the home of fictional locations such as Dorothy Gale's farmhouse in *The Wizard of Oz* and Smallville, the hometown of Superman.

ANSWER: **Kansas**