Bowl Round 7

# First Quarter

1. The Sicilian Vespers helped prevent one of these events from occurring by burning the ships of Charles of Anjou in Messina harbor. The use of Greek Fire in the Bosphorus strait helped stop one of these events. A successful one of these events saw Orban design the massive Dardanelles cannon at the behest of Mehmed II. One of the most well known of these events was ordered by Enrico Dandolo during the Fourth Crusade. For ten points, name these events that involve looting the capital of the Byzantine Empire.

ANSWER: **sacks of Constantinople** (or equivalents like **attacking/capturing Constantinople**)

1. This man claimed to use a hand-pumped rail car to scout for trains on an unapproved mission in Veracruz. This man neutralized Rabaul in Operation Cartwheel, a year after an invasion on the Lingayen Gulf forced his retreat to Corregidor. Six months after the Wake Island Conference, this man was dismissed from command of a war in which he organized the Inchon landing. For ten points, name this commander of U.N. forces during the Korean War, who said “I shall return” to the Philippines in the Second World War

ANSWER: Douglas **MacArthur**

1. In 1996, “Bob Dole” and “Clinton” were used interchangeably in one of these documents. One of these documents referenced Dieppe the day before it was raided, and these documents used codenames learned from American soldiers in the leadup to D-Day. For aesthetic purposes, these documents usually feature radial symmetry and no “cheater” black squares. For ten points, name these word games, edited by Will Shortz for the New York Times, which feature clues to fill in words going across and down.

ANSWER: **crossword** puzzles

1. Alfred Blunt, Bishop of Bradford, delivered an address against this event and advocated “divine grace” for its subject. Walter Monckton assisted with the legal issues of this event, and Stanley Baldwin blocked an attempt by this event’s perpetrator to address the nation. After this event, its subject became Governor of the Bahamas. Socialite Wallis Simpson provoked, for ten points, what 1936 event, the only formal renunciation of the English throne since the Anglo-Saxon period?

ANSWER: **Abdication crisis** (or **abdication** of **Edward VIII**; accept synonyms for “abdicate” in the listed such as **Edward VIII giving up the** British **throne** before “formal” is read; prompt on descriptions of the courtship and/or (proposed) marriage of Edward VIII and Wallis Simpson before her name is mentioned)

1. War survivors’ tendency to re-enact traumatic experiences inspired this man’s idea of a “death drive,” an explanation of human behavior that went “beyond” the pleasure principle. He suggested that wish fulfillment was the primary reason for a process that occurs during the REM stage. The id, ego, and superego were suggested as portions of the human psyche by, for ten points, what Austrian psychologist and author of The Interpretation of Dreams?

ANSWER: Sigmund **Freud**

1. This empire won a battle by using hit-and-run tactics, then feigning retreat to lure Kitbuqa’s army into a trap. In one battle fought by this empire, it was led by Baibars and Saif ad-Din Qutuz. Shortly after Hulagu sacked Aleppo, this empire won the aforementioned Battle of Ain Jalut and retook Syria from the Mongols. These people created a sultanate centered in Cairo after ending the Ayyubid Dynasty. For ten points, name this class of Islamic soldiers in Egypt that originated from Turkish slaves.

ANSWER: **Mamluk** sultanate

1. Diane Arbus used this medium to show a boy holding a toy hand grenade, and Richard Drew created a work in this medium called The Falling Man. An early pioneer of this medium was Louis Daguerre, and Mathew Brady pioneered it during the American Civil War. This medium was used to depict a soldier kissing a nurse in Times Square on V-J Day. For ten points, name this genre of art in which pictures are taken by a camera.

ANSWER: **photo**graphy (accept word forms)

1. During the Vietnam War, 101st Airborne’s Tiger Force unit was accused of creating necklaces out of these objects. James Oglethorpe led troops at the battles of Gully Hole Creek and Bloody Marsh in a war named for one of these objects lost by a smuggler; after three years, that war became a part of the larger War of the Austrian Succession. Robert Jenkins lost, for ten points, what body part?

ANSWER: severed **ear**s (accept (War of) Jenkins’ **Ear**)

1. This man’s concept of “election” was rejected by Karl Barth. The Consensus Tigurinus resolved a dispute between this man and Huldrych Zwingli [z’ving-lee] over the nature of the Eucharist. Nicolas de la Fontaine brought Michael Servetus to trial on behalf of this man, which led to Servetus being burned at the stake. He believed that God alone chooses who is saved, according to his idea of predestination. For ten points, name this French Protestant and author of The Institutes of the Christian Religion who led the Reformation in Geneva.

ANSWER: John **Calvin**

1. Conrad of Montferrat successfully defended this city for two months against the besieging forces of Saladin. This city exported a non-fading substance that required boiling thousands of Murex sea snails to produce a single gram. It was originally situated on an island, but a kilometer-long causeway built in 332 BC to siege this city connects it to the mainland today. For ten points, name this Phoenician city sieged by Alexander the Great, which produced a famous purple dye.

ANSWER: **Tyre** (accept **Tyrian purple** after "non-fading")

# Second Quarter

1. This ethnic group was the primary target of the Hamidian massacres and is the subject of The Memoirs of Naim Bey. Operation Nemesis was carried out by members of this ethnic group, who were targeted by Red Sunday and the Tehcir Law. Mass killings of these people were carried out by the Committee of Union and Progress, led by the Three Pashas. For ten points, name this ethnic group, the victims of a 1915 genocide perpetrated by the Ottomans that Turkey still denies today.

ANSWER: **Armenian**s

BONUS: After the end of the First World War, numerous Ottoman officials were exiled to this modern day country. This Mediterranean island earned a collective George Cross in 1942 for World War II bravery.

ANSWER: **Malta**

1. This country lost the Cisplatine War, which led to the creation of its southern neighbor. It abolished slavery with its Golden Law which was sanctioned by Isabel, the daughter of Pedro II. This country’s war for independence began with a declaration on the Ipiranga Brook, which is memorialized with a monument in Sao Paulo. For ten points, name this country that gained its independence from Portugal with the Treaty of Rio de Janeiro.

ANSWER: Federative Republic of **Brazil** (accept Empire of **Brazil**)

BONUS: A few decades after the Cisplatine War, Brazil fought this country again in the Platine War.

ANSWER: **Argentina**

1. One member of this team was suspended six games for headbutting referee Ted Bernhardt, then another 11 games a year later for kicking a cameraman in the groin. Players for this team included Toni Kukoc [KOO-coach] and Luc Longley. During President Obama’s 2016 visit with the champion Warriors, he noted that one member of this team, the “greatest of all time,” was with them: coach Steve Kerr. For ten points, name this NBA team that won 72 games in 1995-96, the first year of the second “three-peat” of championships won by Phil Jackson, Scottie Pippen, and Michael Jordan.

ANSWER: (1995-96) **Chicago** **Bulls** (accept either)

BONUS: This Hall of Fame rebounder earned the aforementioned suspensions, in addition to three rings with the Bulls. He has earned criticism for his recent “hoops diplomacy” efforts in Asia.

ANSWER: Dennis **Rodman**

1. The Pintupi Nine were a group of these people, another group of which helped John King survive the Burke and Willis expedition. The Pilbara strike was led by these people, whose land rights were recognized in the Mabo case, which overturned the decision made in the Gove lands rights case. This group “scarred” trees for their bark to create coolamons. In 2008, Kevin Rudd apologized to these people for his country’s government removing their children from their care. For ten points, name these original inhabitants of Australia.

ANSWER: Australian **Aborigines** (accept equivalents like **indigenous** people of **Australia**)

BONUS: This term refers to the children taken from Aboriginal families and raised by white foster families in the 20th century.

ANSWER: **Stolen Generation**s (or **stolen children**)

1. This composer’s second symphony was dedicated to George Butterworth, who was later killed in the First World War, and includes the Westminster Chimes in its finale. This composer depicted the doomed expedition of Robert Scott to the South Pole in his seventh symphony. This composer of A London Symphony and Sinfonia antarctica used a violin to depict the title bird in another piece. For ten points, name this British composer of The Lark Ascending and Fantasia on “Greensleeves”.

ANSWER: Ralph [RAFE] **Vaughan Williams** (prompt on partial last name)

BONUS: Ralph Vaughan Williams also wrote a Fantasia on a theme of this 16th century Baroque English composer, who composed for Queen Elizabeth I and is best known for a forty-voice motet, Spem in alium.

ANSWER: Thomas **Tallis**

1. This man upset one of his workers by giving him a grey cloak and then trying to take it back after a fight. Thomas Edge incorrectly claimed that this explorer had discovered Jan Mayen. This man captained the Discovery and was targeted by Robert Juet and Henry Green’s conspiracy against him. This explorer's only trip to Canada ended when his crew mutinied and kicked him off his ship and he died in the Arctic. For 10 points, name this British explorer who sailed to the end of James Bay on his search for a Northwest Passage.

ANSWER: Henry **Hudson**

BONUS: This other British Arctic explorer led the Erebus and the Terror, both of which were lost in the ice. The Canadian recently discovered the former ship, ending a century and half search.

ANSWER: Sir John **Franklin**

1. This man, who tried Archbishop Aloysius Stepinac for collaborating with the Nazis, led the only Eastern European nation that accepted aid from the ECA. This leader defeated Chetnik leader Draa Mihailovic [mee-hail-oh-vitch] before reaching his highest office. This man’s country was kicked out of COMINFORM after his feud with Stalin led to a break with the USSR in 1949. For ten points, name this communist ruler of Yugoslavia and guerrilla leader during the Second World War.

ANSWER: Josip Broz **Tito**

BONUS: Tito was the first Secretary General of this group, which Sukarno and Kwame Nkrumah [kwah-may kru-mah] helped found in 1961.

ANSWER: **Non-Aligned Movemen**t (or **NAM**)

1. In an Edna Ferber novel, Kim Ravenal is named after where three states meet on this river, which is traveled by the title Show Boat. Faulkner’s story “The Old Man” concerns this river’s Great Flood of 1927. Life on this river is the subject of a memoir by Mark Twain, who also wrote about Jim and Huck Finn traveling on this river. For ten points, name this long American river, which stretches from Minnesota to the Gulf of Mexico.

ANSWER: **Mississippi** River

BONUS: Ferber also wrote a novel entitled Cimarron, about a region of which US state, which featured settlers known as Sooners making claims on land that was formerly Indian Territory?

ANSWER: **Oklahoma**

# Third Quarter

The categories are...

1. English Rulers
2. A War Within a War
3. World War I Germany

**1. English Rulers**

Who...

1. Died at Bosworth Field and was the third and last English king of his name?

ANSWER: **Richard** III

1. Signed the Magna Carta in 1215?

ANSWER: **John** Lackland (or **John** Softsword)

1. Clashed with Guthrum and was the only English king called “the Great”?

ANSWER: **Alfred** the Great

1. Defeated the Scots at Falkirk and was nicknamed for his height?

ANSWER: **Edward I** (or Edward **Longshanks**; or **Edward Hammer of the Scots**; or **Edward Malleus Scotorum**; prompt on Edward)

1. Ordered the St. Brice's Day Massacre and was nicknamed for his ill-counsel?

ANSWER: **Aethelred the Unready** or **Aethelred II** (prompt on Aethelred)

1. Was restored to power in 1660 after nine years of exile during the English Civil War?

ANSWER: **Charles II** (prompt on Charles)

1. Signed the Provisions of Oxford and clashed with Simon de Montfort in the Second Barons’ War? ANSWER: **Henry III** (prompt on Henry)
2. Ascended to the throne following the Anarchy and Treaty of Wallingford?

ANSWER: **Henry II** (prompt on Henry)

**2. A War Within a War**

Which conflict...

1. Included bombing of the Ho Chi Minh trail in nearby Cambodia as part of the larger Cold War?

ANSWER: **Vietnam** War

1. Was in part triggered by the smaller Bear Flag Revolt in California?

ANSWER: **Mexican-American** War

1. Included British troops fighting in Spain as part of the Napoleonic Wars?

ANSWER: **Peninsular** War

1. Was named for the lack of fighting on the Western Front during the early stages of World War 2?

ANSWER: **Phoney** War (or **Sitzkrieg**)

1. Included the smaller Tanker War and the use of chemical weapons at Halabja?

ANSWER: **Iran-Iraq** War

1. Was the North American theater of the War of Spanish Succession and was named for a monarch?

ANSWER: **Queen Anne’s** War

1. Was a revolt against Mazarin and Louis XIV during the Franco-Spanish War?

ANSWER: the **Fronde**

1. Included smaller wars such as the Hannibal War and War of Mantuan Succession?

ANSWER: **Thirty Years’** War

3. **Germany in World War I**

Identify from World War I...

1. the collective name given to Germany and its allies.

ANSWER: **Central Powers** (accept **Quadruple Alliance**)

1. the German flying ace who downed 80 aircraft.

ANSWER: Manfred Albrecht Freiherr von **Richthofen** (or the **Red Baron**)

1. the plan named for a German field marshal which called of a quick, offensive war with France.

ANSWER: **Schlieffen** Plan

1. the treaty signed by Germany which took Soviet Russia out of the fight.

ANSWER: Treaty of **Brest-Litovsk**

1. the type of gas first used by Germany at the Battle of Ypres.

ANSWER: **Chlorine** gas (accept **Bertholite**; prompt on poison gas)

1. the German Chief of Staff who was replaced after leading the failure at Verdun.

ANSWER: Erich von **Falkenhayn**

1. the crushing 1914 victory of Germany over Russia which led to the suicide of Alexander Samsonov.

ANSWER: Battle of **Tannenberg**

1. the German general who was second-in-command at that battle and later served in Parliament.

ANSWER: Erich Friedrich Wilhelm **Ludendorff**

# Fourth Quarter

1. **This party negotiated with Adolph Joffe for aid on the condition that this party allied itself with a rival. This party’s alliance with a rival ended in the April 12th incident. The confiscation of contraband cigarettes from a 40 year old widow sparked the 2-28 (+) massacre carried out by this party. In January 2016, this party lost a presidential election to the Democratic Progressive Party’s candidate Tsai Ing-Wen. This party was founded shortly after the (\*)** Xinhai Revolution by Song Jiaoren and Sun Yat-Sen. For ten points, name this Taiwanese political party, founded in 1911 in China by Chiang Kai-Shek.

ANSWER: **Kuomintang** (or **KMT**; or Chinese **Nationalist**s)

1. **This scientist’s Ostomachion is a tangram-like puzzle with 14 pieces. This scientist’s geometric accomplishments include relating the volumes of a cylinder and sphere with equal radius and using a method of exhaustion to estimate 22/7 as an upper bound for (+) pi. His military inventions include a mechanical claw to lift ships out of the water and a (\*)** “death ray” designed using parabolic mirrors to try to burn incoming ships, meant to protect his home city during the Punic wars. A device that lifts liquids through rotation is a screw named for, for ten points, what Syracuse mathematician?

ANSWER: **Archimedes**

1. **One work that studies this process describes how the oloa and tonga were brought together after a childbirth in Samoa. Delayed reciprocity is often a feature of this process, which is performed in the (+) kula ring and potlatch ceremonies in Melanesia and the Pacific Northwest, respectively. Marcel Mauss’s 1925 magnum opus describes this process, which does not come with the guarantee of future (\*)** rewards. Anthropologists have intensely studied, for ten points, what mode of exchange, contrasted with bartering?

ANSWER: **gift exchange** (accept descriptions and equivalents, like **gift giving**)

1. **After one victory, this ruler’s forces caught the enemy horka, Bulcsu, and executed him. This ruler requested his son to be married to a Byzantine princess, Theophanu. This ruler had Pope Leo VIII elected after his predecessor entered negotiations with the son of Berengar II. Liudolf of (+) Swabia led a revolt against this ruler after his marriage to Adelaide of Italy. This son of Henry the Fowler was crowned by (\*)** Pope John XII seven years after his forces defeated the Magyars at the Battle of Lechfeld. For ten points, name this first Germanic Holy Roman Emperor.

ANSWER: **Otto I**, Holy Roman Emperor (or **Otto the Great**; prompt on Otto)

1. **A 28-volume work on this subject opened with the call to sell your townhouse and give up the household gods of the city. One work on this subject was written in Punic by Mago. In another work, the author teaches this subject to his squanderous brother (+) Perses. The “works” of Hesiod’s** Works and Days **details how to be successful at this practice, which Cincinnatus (\*)** resumed after his dictatorships. For ten points, name this practice which includes animal husbandry, beekeeping, and the cultivation of crops for food.

ANSWER: **agriculture** or **farm**ing (accept equivalents; accept any specific form, such as **beekeeping** or **making wine**)

1. **In this city, Operation Wotan was launched in an attempt to break the Mozhaisk defense line. Fedor von Bock attempted to capture this city shortly after the battles of Minsk and Smolensk. Though this city was besieged, Stalin ordered that the annual (+) Revolution Day parade be held regardless in order to raise morale. Operation Typhoon targeted this city, which was reinforced by Georgy Zhukov, who directed the (\*)** Victory Parade here. During the siege of this city, troops from Army Group Centre could reportedly see, but would not reach, the spires of the Kremlin. The Nazis did not capture, for ten points, what capital of the USSR?

ANSWER: **Moscow**

1. **In 1967, Blackburn Buccaneer aircraft sent by the Fleet Air Arm dropped bombs and fuel to limit the damage done by one of these events. A dome nicknamed a "sombrero" and the chemical COREXIT failed to completely (+) stop one of these events. One of these disasters was caused by the negligence of Joseph Hazelwood, who drunkenly ran (\*)** aground in Prince William Sound. For ten points, name these events, the biggest of which began after the Deepwater Horizon blowout in 2010.

ANSWER: **oil spill**s

1. **This character claims that "five-card stud taught me a lot about mankind." His wife sings "This is prophetic!" after receiving a glass elephant, then interrupts a performance of The Red Detachment of (+) Women in Act II. This operatic character sings "News Has a Kind Of Mystery," just after stepping off the Spirit of '76 and being greeted by (\*)** Chou En-Lai. For ten points, name this title character of a John Adams opera based on his 1972 visit to China.

ANSWER: Richard **Nixon** (accept **Nixon** in China)

# Extra Question

Only read if you need a backup or tiebreaker!

(1) **The Mutawakkilite Kingdom of Yemen was created as a result of this action. Native Greeks were protected from violence in the aftermath of this action by the occupation of Smyrna. The Armistice of Mudros (+) began this process, which was later completed by the Treaties of Sevres and Lausanne. Mehmed VI was (\*)** removed from power during this process, which was led by the Young Turk faction after the First World War. For ten points, identify this early 20th century event, which saw the collapse of an empire with capital at Istanbul.

ANSWER: **dissolution** of the **Ottoma**n Empire (accept synonyms for dissolution; prompt on the creation of Turkey)

BONUS: The imprisoned, disappeared Edward V and Richard of Shrewsbury are known by what four-word phrase?

ANSWER: **Princes in the Tower**